YMCA of Northeastern Ontario Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Directors and Members of YMCA of Northeastern Ontario

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of YMCA of Northeastern Ontario (the Association), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, the statements of operations, changes in net assets (deficit) and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at March 31, 2019, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants North Bay, Ontario

Grada CCP

September 25, 2019

YMCA of Northeastern Ontario **Statement of Financial Position**

March 31	2019	2018
Assets		
Current	•	¢ 552 904
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments (Note 3)	\$ 301,465	\$ 553,896 431,220
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	959,603	820,626
Prepaid expense	55,050	103,544
	1,316,118	1,909,286
Long-term investments (Note 3)	1,070,673	1,402,926
Capital assets (Note 5)	8,430,636	9,378,937
	\$ 10,817,427	\$ 12,691,149
Liabilities Bank indebtedness (Note 2) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6) Deferred revenue (Note 7) Current portion of long-term debt (Note 8)	\$ 274,880 983,910 1,290,965 4,130,529	\$ 747,019 717,083 4,442,306
	6,680,284	5,906,408
Long-term debt (Note 8)	<u>>=</u> >	80,314
	6,680,284	5,986,722
Net assets (deficit)	4 - 44	4 2 44 222
Internally restricted	1,341,228	1,341,228
Endowments Invested in capital assets	260,553 4,300,107	260,553 6,387,202
Unrestricted	(1,764,745)	(1,284,556)
	4,137,143	6,704,427
	\$10,817,427	\$ 12,691,149

Commitments (Note 9)

Director

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

YMCA of Northeastern Ontario Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Deficit)

For the year ended March 31					2019		2018
	Internally Restricted	Endowments	Invested In Capital Assets	Invested In Endowments Capital Assets Unrestricted	Total		Total
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$ 1,341,228	\$ 260,553	\$ 6,387,202	\$ 1,341,228 \$ 260,553 \$ 6,387,202 \$ (1,284,556) \$ 6,704,427 \$ 7,460,878	\$ 6,704,427	\$ 7,	,460,878
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	*	Ħ	(1,212,007)	(1,212,007) (1,355,277) (2,567,284)	(2,567,284)		(756,451)
Interfund adjustments	9	Ã.	(875,088)	875,088	•		•
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,341,228	\$ 260,553	\$ 4,300,107	\$ 1,341,228 \$ 260,553 \$ 4,300,107 \$ (1,764,745) \$ 4,137,143 \$ 6,704,427	\$ 4,137,143	5 6,	,704,427

YMCA of Northeastern Ontario **Statement of Operations**

For the year ended March 31	2019	2018
Revenues Employment & Youth programs Program fees Membership fees Other fees and administration Philanthropy Supplies and services Rental and other revenues Investment income	\$ 6,723,653 \$ 4,303,556 3,507,895 668,970 273,163 75,765 25,913 36,796	6,039,086 3,550,677 3,189,424 1,529,601 255,223 113,438 113,848 106,811
Expenses Wages and benefits Stipends Supplies Utilities Occupancy, maintenance, insurance and property tax Professional and consulting fees Government funded expenses Advertising and promotion Bank and other service charges Membership and association dues Program travel and vehicles Interest on long term debt Bad debts and other Minor equipment and maintenance Information technology and licenses Employee expenses and travel Staff and volunteer development Postage and courier Amortization	10,528,180 1,347,465 940,503 807,639 681,162 610,946 258,198 243,090 223,476 221,991 203,257 202,127 199,064 172,199 135,491 112,226 68,557 15,417 676,849	9,868,340 1,061,277 921,536 881,189 621,869 642,086 50,791 111,134 71,063 202,833 152,548 147,615 69,316 87,099 80,701 70,876 87,256 10,135 464,043
Deficiency of revenues over expenses before item below	(2,032,126)	(703,599)
Loss on disposal of capital assets (Note 5)	535,158	52,852
Deficiency of revenue over expenses for the year	\$ (2,567,284) \$	(756,451)

YMCA of Northeastern Ontario Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31	2019	2018)
Cash flows from operating activities Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$ (2,567,284) \$	(756,451)
Items not involving cash Amortization of capital assets Loss on sale of capital assets	676,849 535,158	464,043 52,852
Changes in non-cash working capital balances Accounts receivable	(1,355,277)	(239,556)
Prepaid expense Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	(138,977) 48,494 236,891 573,882	5,945 10,232 (266,457) 57,457
	(634,987)	(432,379)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Decrease (increase) in investments	(463,707) 200,000 462,008	(395,651) 39,708 215,191
	198,301	(140,752)
Cash flows from financing activities Principal payments on long term debt Proceeds of long term debt	(392,090)	(283,208) 200,000
	(392,090)	(83,208)
Decrease in cash during the year	(828,776)	(656,339)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	553,896	1,210,235
(Bank indebtedness) cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ (274,880) \$	553,896

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

YMCA of Northeastern Ontario ("The Association") is engaged in the delivery of programs and services that provide individual development of mind, body and spirit in North Bay and Sudbury Ontario. Individuals are encouraged to provide leadership on a voluntary basis. Primary programs include Health, Fitness and Recreation, Leadership Training and Child Care.

Income Tax Law

The Association is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and is exempt from income taxation under section 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. As the Association receives funding for various purposes, the accounts are maintained in a manner which segregates transactions according to the following funds:

Internally Restricted

Funds are to be used for future capital acquisitions and for repair and replacement of existing property and equipment.

Endowment

Funds provided by various sources, with the principal amount being maintained while interest and investment income can be expended as specified by the donor.

Revenue Recognition

The Association follows the restricted fund method of accounting. Under this method, contributions are recorded as revenue in the respective funds based on their nature, source and the restrictions stipulated by the donor. Contributions including pledges and donations are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amounts can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Unearned membership, program and grant revenues received are recorded as a liability and included in deferred revenue on the statement of financial position.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value, if the amount is determinable, at the date of contribution. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Buildings - 40 years
Leasehold improvements - term of lease
Furnishings and equipment - 10 years
Vehicles - 5 years

Computer equipment - 3 years

March 31, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue dues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from managements best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not in a qualifying hedging relationship and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Association has not elected to carry any such financial instruments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Association determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Association expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

March 31, 2019

2. Bank Overdraft / Credit Facility Agreements

Included in Bank indebtedness at year end is \$159,880 in bank overdraft and \$75,000 in short term loans and \$40,000 in advances under an operating line of credit agreement with its chartered bank.

The association's short term loan bears interest at 4.99% requiring monthly principal payments of \$8,333.

The association's maximum operating line of credit is \$300,000 and it bears interest at prime plus 1.04%.

3. Investments

Investments are comprised of a combination of Equity investments (portfolio investments of Canadian public company shares recorded at market values) and Fixed Income Bond Funds and ETFs (recorded at amortized cost). The Fixed Income investments bear interest at 2% to 4% and mature at various dates.

4.	Accounts Receivable	
		2019 2018
	Government grants and clients	\$ 1,011,603 \$ 840,626
	Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(52,000) (20,000)
		\$ 959,603 \$ 820,626

March 31, 2019

5. Capital Assets		2019				2018
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization		Cost		Accumulated Amortization
Sudbury Branch Land	\$ 729,033	\$ -	\$	729,033	\$	
Building	10,244,229	4,712,318	7	10,036,599	Ţ	4,453,624
Furnishings & equipment	1,917,365	1,543,076		1,876,454		1,490,728
Computer equipment	396,942	248,328		254,945		103,133
	13,287,569	6,503,722		12,897,031		6,047,485
John Island Camp						
Land, nominal value	1					244 42
Buildings	1,183,022	395,478		1,174,464		366,137
Furnishings & equipment	805,404	767,656		805,404		751,546
Vehicles	136,538	122,936	_	136,538		120,283
	2,124,965	1,286,070		2,116,407		1,237,966
Falcona Camp (ii)						
Land	: 5 0.0			450,000		
Buildings	-	=		359,287		74,693
Furnishings & equipment	: ⊕ 01	≅		91,226		91,226
Vehicles				31,093		31,093
		<u>.</u>		931,606		197,012
Elm Street						
Leasehold improvements	537,436	532,636		537,436		524,512
Computer equipment	50,139	50,139		50,139		50,139
Furnishings & equipment	72,167	57,494		72,167		52,603
Vehicles	34,093	34,093		34,093		34,093
	693,835	674,362		693,835		661,347
North Bay Branch	4 (02 2(0	4 444 070		4 (02 260		1 000 244
Building (i)	1,603,360	1,114,078		1,603,360		1,080,266 805,695
Equipment	830,023	813,263 449,505		830,021 562,853		411,792
Fitness equipment	570,001 343,352	181,469		285,914		100,527
Computer equipment	343,332	101,409		203,717	7 6 7	100,327
	3,346,736	2,558,315		3,282,148		2,398,280
	\$ 19,453,105	\$ 11,022,469	\$	19,921,027	\$	10,542,090
Net book value		\$ 8,430,636			\$	9,378,937

⁽i) The North Bay building is co-owned with the City of North Bay (City). The land on which the this building has been constructed is the property of the City. The association has entered into a ninety-nine year lease commencing in 1967 with the City to lease the land at a nominal rental fee of \$1 per annum.

⁽ii) The Falcona Camp was disposed of during the year for net proceeds of \$200,000 resulting in a loss on disposal of \$535,158.

March 31, 2019

6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$41,125 (2018 - \$87,558) which include amounts payable for payroll related taxes.

7.	Deferred Revenue			2019	2018
	Membership and camps	*	\$	644,732	\$ 560,704
	Employment			439,112	27,692
	Children services Other			189,625	128,687
	Other		-	17,496	
	12		\$	1,290,965	\$ 717,083

March 31, 2019

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В.	Long-term Debt).	2019		2018 (Note 2)
	\$6,000,000 demand mortgage requiring \$32,700 in principal monthly payments, interest at prime plus 1.04% secured by a general security agreement constituting a first ranking security interest in all property and a collateral mortgage in the amount of \$6,000,000 constituting a first fixed charge on the lands and improvements on 140 Durham St. Amended fixed rate term loan, \$33,635 principal monthly payments, interest at 1.04% per annum, maturity date April 15, 2019, secured by a general security agreement constituting first ranking security interest in all property	\$	4,130,529	\$	4,347,619
	and a collateral mortgage in the amount of \$6,000,000 constituting a first fixed charge on the lands and improvements on 140 Durham St.	_			175,001
	Less current portion (callable portion)	2	4,130,529 (4,130,529)		4,522,620 (4,442,306)
		\$		\$	80,314

Anticipated principal payments on the above loan over the next five years and thereafter assuming demand feature not exercised are as follows:

2020	\$ 392,400
2021	392,400
2022	392,400
2023	392,400
2024	392,400
Thereafter	2,168,529
	\$ 4,130,529

9. Commitments

The Association leases premises under an operating lease, which expires on August 31, 2022. The minimum annual rental for the next three years are as follows:

	\$ 472,120
2022	85,120
2021	197,000
2020	190,000

March 31, 2019

10. Financial Instrument Risk

The association's management monitors, evaluates and manages the principal risks assumed with financial instruments on a daily basis. The risks that arise from transacting financial instruments include liquidity risk, credit risk and interest rate risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the association's management of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, payable to affiliated clubs, and current portion of long term debt and capital lease obligations. It is the risk that the association will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises principally from the association's accounts receivable. The association is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the association's credit facility. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The association's credit facility has a variable interest rate. Changes in the bank's prime lending rate can cause fluctuations in interest payments and cash flows. The association does not use derivative financial instruments to alter the effect of this risk.

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